EuroCC@Greece

https://eurocc-greece.gr/newsletter/
https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurocc-greece
https://www.youtube.com/@euroccgreece9501
https://x.com/EuroCC_Greece

EuroCC@Greece

The overall objective of the Greek National Competence Center is to enable the efficient uptake of HPC technologies with the 3-fold goal to:

- advance competitiveness in **research**
- improve the effectiveness of **government** services and
- promote innovation in **industry**

EuroCC@Greece

Services

- Technological Support & Consulting
  - High-Performance Computing,
  - Artificial Intelligence, and
  - High-Performance Data Analytics
- Training and Skills Development
- Access to computational resources

https://eurocc-greece.gr/

Fields of Applications

- Artificial Intelligence
- Machine Learning
- Computer Vision
- Large Language Models
- Finite Elements Analyses
- Computational Fluid Dynamics
- Molecular Simulations
- Atmospheric & Oceanic Sciences

EuroCC@Greece

Consortium

The Greek National Competence Center “EuroCC@Greece”, is run by a consortium of 5 institutions, namely

1. National Infrastructures for Research and Technology (coordinator) - **GRNET**
2. National Center for Scientific Research - **Demokritos**
3. Institute of Communication and Computer Systems - **NTUA**
4. Aristotle University of Thessaloniki - **AUTH**
5. Foundation for Research and Technology Hellas - **FORTH**

The European High Performance Computing Joint Undertaking (EuroHPC JU)

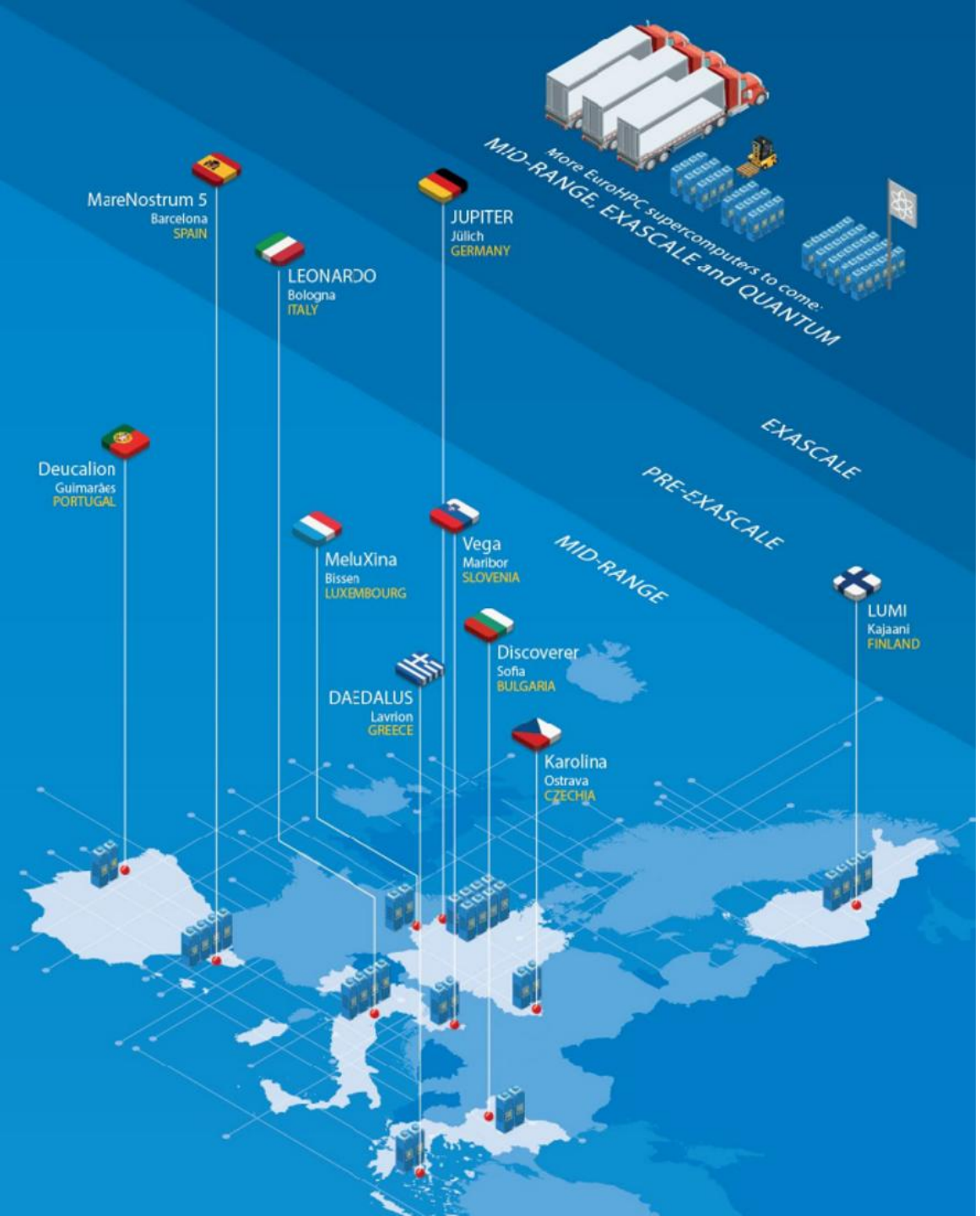
is a joint initiative between the EU, European countries and private partners to develop a World Class Supercomputing Ecosystem.

https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/index_en

BDV BIG DATA VALUE ASSOCIATION

QIC European Quantum Industry Consortium

ETP 4 HPC EUROPEAN TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING



9 operational systems, all ranking among the world's most powerful supercomputers:

1. LUMI in Finland #5
2. LEONARDO in Italy #6
3. MARENOSTRUM in Spain
4. VEGA in Slovenia
5. MELUXINA in Luxembourg
6. KAROLINA in Czechia
7. DEUCALION in Portugal
8. DISCOVERER in Bulgaria
9. JUPITER in Germany

Underway:
DAEDALUS in Greece

1	**Frontier** - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE
2	**Aurora** - HPE Cray EX - Intel Exascale Compute Blade, Xeon CPU Max 9470 52C 2.4GHz, Intel Data Center GPU Max, Slingshot-11, Intel
3	**Eagle** - Microsoft NDv5, Xeon Platinum 8480C 48C 2GHz, NVIDIA H100, NVIDIA Infiniband NDR, Microsoft
4	**Supercomputer Fugaku** - Supercomputer Fugaku, A64FX 48C 2.2GHz, Tofu interconnect D, Fujitsu
5	**LUMI** - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE
6	**Leonardo** - BullSequana XH2000, Xeon Platinum 8358 32C 2.6GHz, NVIDIA A100 SXM4 64 GB, Quad-rail NVIDIA HDR100 Infiniband, EVIDEN
7	**Summit** - IBM Power System AC922, IBM POWER9 22C 3.07GHz, NVIDIA Volta GV100, Dual-rail Mellanox EDR Infiniband, IBM

LUMI
FINLAND

LEONARDO
ITALY

MELUXINA
LUXEMBOURG

KAROLINA
CHECH REPUBLIC

DISCOVERER
BULGARIA

VEGA
SLOVENIA

DEUCALIO
PORTUGAL

MARENOSTRUM 5
SPAIN

1. **LUMI (CSC, Finland)**
   - LUMI-C: 1536 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256-1024 GB RAM/node
   - GPU: 2560 nodes, 64 cores/node, 4 GPUs, 128 GB GPU-RAM
   - Visualization: 64 nodes, 1 GPU, 48 GB GPU-RAM
   - Peak Performance: 550 petaflops
   - URL: https://www.lumi-supercomputer.eu/lumis-full-system-architecture-revealed/
2. **Leonardo (Cineca, Italy)**
   - Booster Module: 3456 nodes, 32 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 64 GB GPU-RAM
   - Data Centric Module: 1536 nodes, 112 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node
   - Peak Performance: 323.4 petaflops
   - URL: https://leonardo-supercomputer.cineca.eu/hpc-system/
3. **MareNostrum 5 (Barcelona Supercomputing Center, Spain)**
   - General Purpose Partition: 6408 nodes, 112 cores/node, 256 GB RAM/node
   - Accelerated Partition: 1120 nodes, 64 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 64 GB GPU-RAM
   - Peak Performance: 314 petaflops
   - URL: https://www.bsc.es/innovation-and-services/marenostrum/marenostrum-5

4. **MeluXina (LuxProvide, Luxembourg)**
   - Cluster: 573 nodes, 128 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node
   - Accelerator-GPU: 200 nodes, 64 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 40 GB GPU-RAM
   - Large memory: 20 nodes, 128 cores/node, 4096 GB RAM/node
   - Peak Performance: 18.29 petaflops
   - URL: https://docs.lxp.lu/system/overview/
5. **Karolina (IT4I, Czech Republic)**
   - CPU: 828 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256-24000 GB RAM/node
   - GPU: 72 nodes, 8 GPUs, 40 GB GPU-RAM
   - Peak Performance: 15.69 petaflops
   - URL: https://www.it4i.cz/en/infrastructure/karolina

6. **Vega (IZUM, Slovenia)**
   - GPU partition: 60 nodes, 128 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 40 GB GPU-RAM
   - CPU node Standard: 768 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256 GB RAM/node
   - CPU node Large Memory: 192 nodes, 128 cores/node, 1000 GB RAM/node
   - Peak Performance: 10.05 petaflops
   - URL: https://doc.vega.izum.si/architecture/
7. **Deucalion (Guimarães, Portugal)**
   - ARM cluster: 1632 nodes, 48 cores/node
   - X86 cluster: 500 nodes, 48+ cores/node
   - Accelerated partition: 33 nodes
   - Peak Performance: 10 petaflops
   - URL: https://macc.fccn.pt/resources#deucalion
8. **Discoverer (Sofia Tech Park, Bulgaria)**
   - CPU: 1128 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256 GB RAM/node
   - CPU-Fat: 18 nodes, 128 cores/node, 1000 GB RAM/node
   - Peak Performance: 5.94 petaflops
   - URL: https://docs.discoverer.bg/resource_overview.html

ARIS – HPC Infrastructure in Greece Compute Nodes

Nodes Summary

Node Type	Count	Accelerator	Memory	Cores
THIN nodes	48	w/o	512 GB	128@2.45 GHz (two sockets)
GPU nodes	3	4 x NVIDIA Ampere A100 80GB	512 GB	128@2.45 GHz + 4 x A100
FAT nodes	16	w/o	1024 GB	128@2.45 GHz (two sockets)

File system overview

File system	Type	Env. Variable	Size	Lifetime	Backup	Quota
/users	GPFS	$HOME	0.5 PB	Project duration	NO	*
/work	GPFS	$WORKDIR	2 PB	Project duration	NO	*

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Publications

Greek supercomputer ARIS

https://www.hpc.grnet.gr/en/publications/

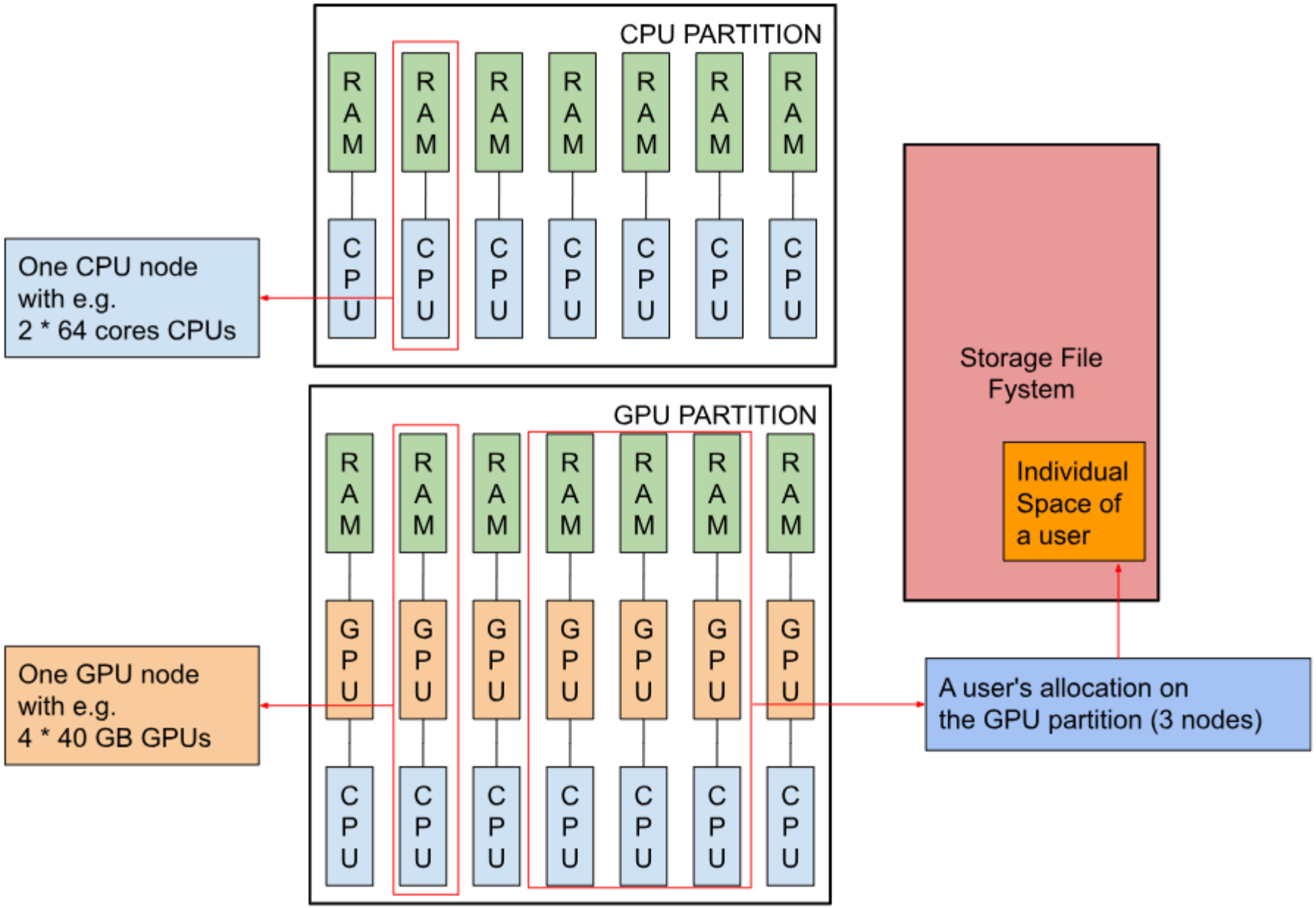
- In **fluid dynamics**, HPC powers **deep learning models** for super-resolution imaging and **turbulent flow reconstruction**, along with complex **multi-phase flow simulations**.
- **Materials science** benefits from HPC-driven **machine learning** and **molecular dynamics**, refining interatomic potentials for **pharmaceuticals**, and investigating **polymer mechanics**.
- **Computational chemistry** leverages quantum mechanical calculations for **thermoelectric materials**, **electronic structures**, and **drug binding** studies.
- **Astrophysics** research utilizes HPC for **modeling neutron star** thermoelectric effects and pulsar equations.
- **Atmospheric and oceanic sciences** apply HPC to turbulence modeling in **air pollution studies**, **weather forecasting**, and **sea surface simulations**.
- Additionally, HPC enhances radiation modeling for space applications and **Monte Carlo-based dosimetry** calculations, underscoring its vital role in advancing interdisciplinary research.

The way is open to building a EuroHPC world-class supercomputer in Greece

- A hosting agreement has been signed between the **EuroHPC Joint Undertaking** and the National Infrastructures for Research and Technology (**GRNET**) in **Greece**, where **DAEDALUS**, a new **EuroHPC supercomputer**, will be located.

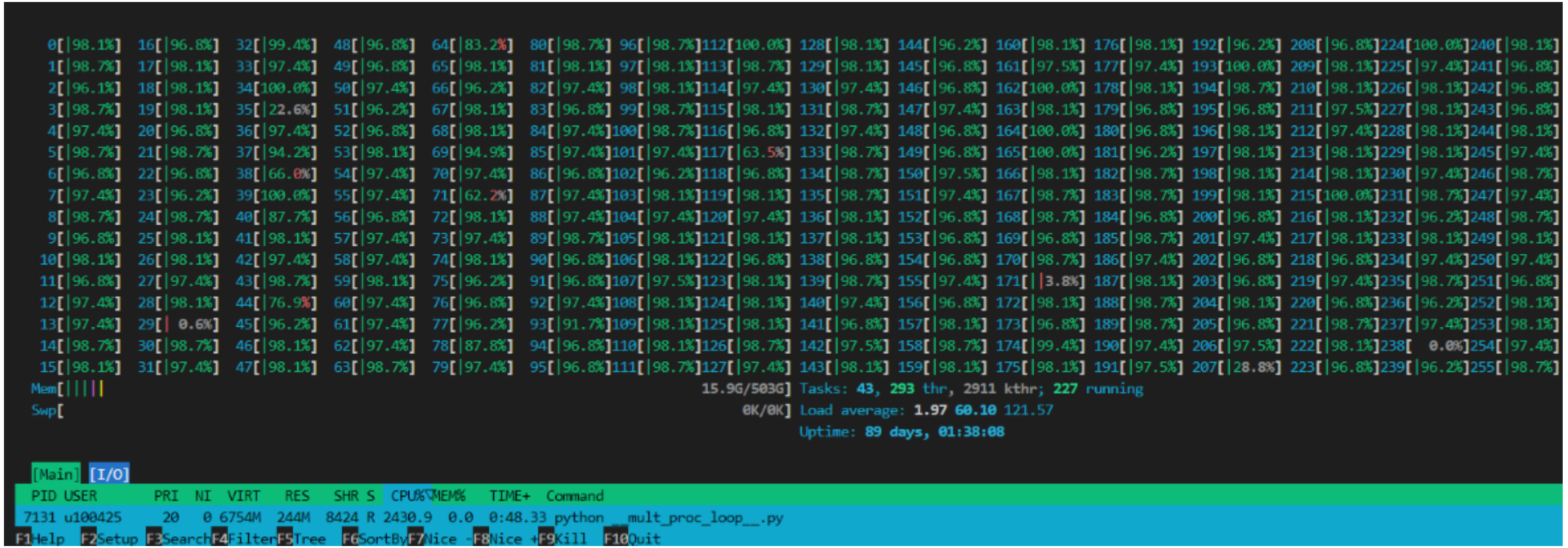
- The DAEDALUS supercomputer, with a total power of **89 PetaFlops**, will be the most powerful computing system in Greece and one of the leading systems in Europe. https://grnet.gr/en/2025/03/26/daedalus-dc-ylopoihsh-lavrio/
- **Lavrion** Technological and Cultural Park (TCPL) https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/way-open-building-eurohpc-world-class-supercomputer-greece-2022-11-28_en

Example of an HPC cluster

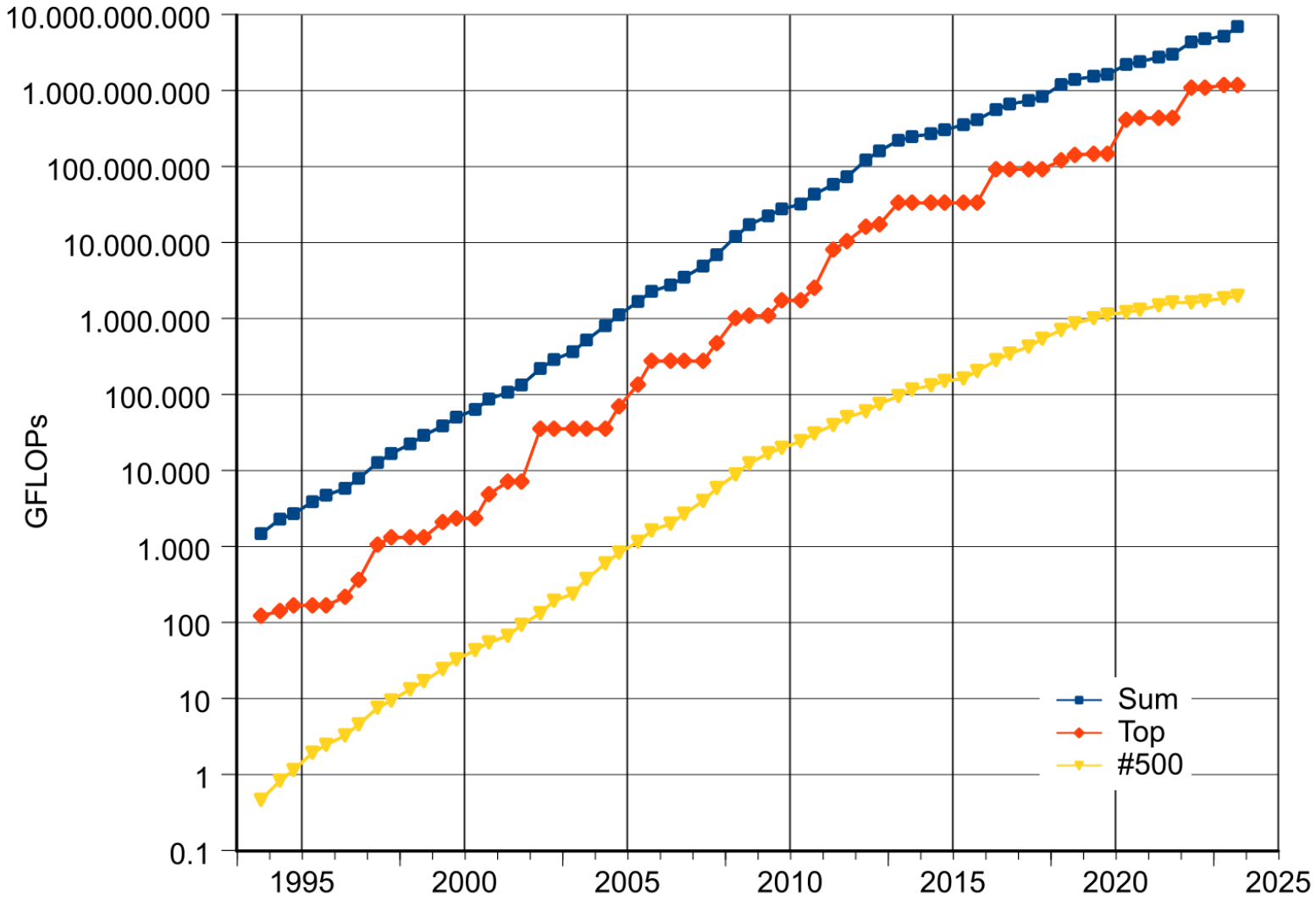


Threads on 1 node of MeluXina supercomputer

https://docs.lxp.lu/system/overview/

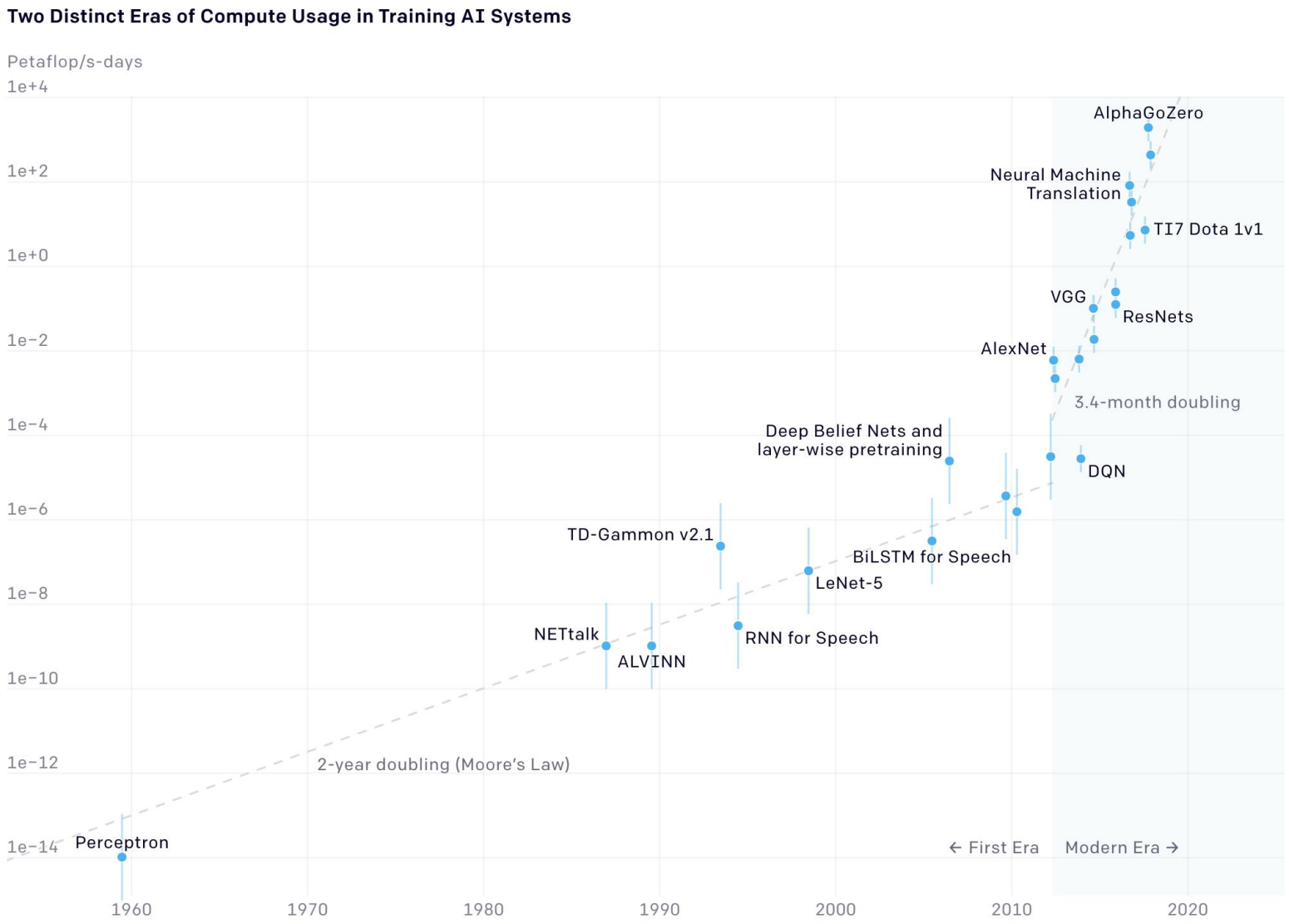


Growth of HPC systems



The new **El Capitan** system at the **Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory** in California, U.S.A., has debuted as the most powerful system on the list with an HPL score of 1.742 EFlop/s.
https://top500.org/

Since 2102 we observe a 3.4-month doubling in computing power used to train AI models.



https://openai.com/research/ai-and-compute

FLOPS (Floating Point Operations Per Second)

X 200,000

0.05 km/h

1 km/h

100 km/h

1,000 km/h

10,000 km/h

1,000,000,000 km/h

1 TFlop

X 1,000,000

1 EFlop

Operations	Name	Abbreviation
1	FLOPS	FLOPS
10^3	Kilo FLOPS	KFLOPS
10^6	Mega FLOPS	MFLOPS
10^9	Giga FLOPS	GFLOPS
10^{12}	Tera FLOPS	TFLOPS
10^{15}	Peta FLOPS	PFLOPS
10^{18}	Exa FLOPS	EFLOPS

Large Language Models on HPC

Estimated GPU Hours for Training:

1.Small LLM (~8B):

- ~1.3M GPU hours (LLAMA 3 8B).

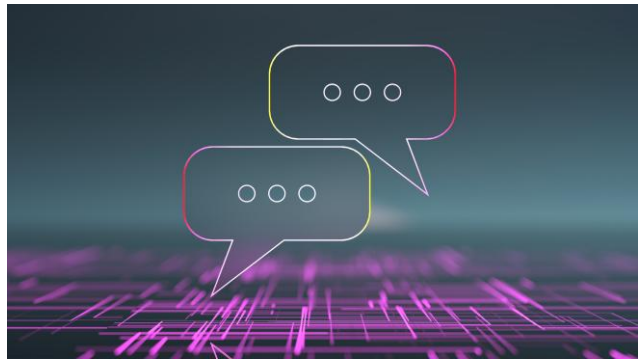
2.Medium LLM (~70B):

- ~6.4M-7.0M GPU hours (LLAMA 3/3.1 70B).

3.Large LLM (~405B):

- ~30.84M GPU hours (LLAMA 3.1 405B).
- Falcon 180B (slightly smaller): ~7M GPU hours.

https://huggingface.co/meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3-8B-Instruct
https://huggingface.co/meta-llama/Llama-3.3-70B-Instruct
https://huggingface.co/meta-llama/Llama-3.1-405B-Instruct
https://docs.lxp.lu/howto/llama3-vllm/
https://huggingface.co/blog/falcon-180b



Estimated GPU Requirements for Inference:

- **Small LLM (~8B):** ~80GB GPU RAM (LLAMA 3.1 8B).
- **Medium LLM (~70B):** ~320GB GPU RAM (GPTQ/int4 on Falcon).

Large LLM (~405B): ~800GB GPU RAM (FP8 on LLAMA 3.1).

EuroHPC Access Modes

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Extreme Scale Access Mode
For applications with high-impact, high-gain innovative research

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Regular Access Mode
The expected impact in the application's domain should justify the need for large allocations

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – AI and Data-Intensive Applications Access Mode
To support ethical artificial intelligence & machine learning

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Development Access Modes
To develop, test and optimise applications

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Benchmark Access Modes
To test or benchmark applications

https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/access-our-supercomputers/access-policy-and-faq_en

https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/

2025 Cut off dates for EuroHPC Access Calls

BENCHMARK ACCESS:

- 1st day of each month

DEVELOPMENT ACCESS:

- 1st day of each month

AI AND DATA INTENSIVE APPLICATIONS ACCESS:

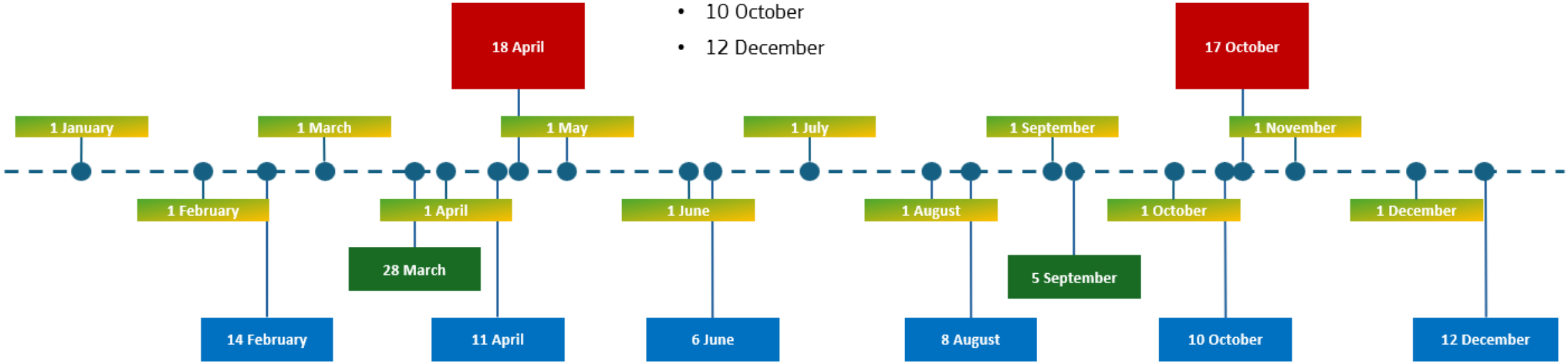
- 14 February
- 11 April
- 6 June
- 8 August
- 10 October
- 12 December

REGULAR ACCESS:

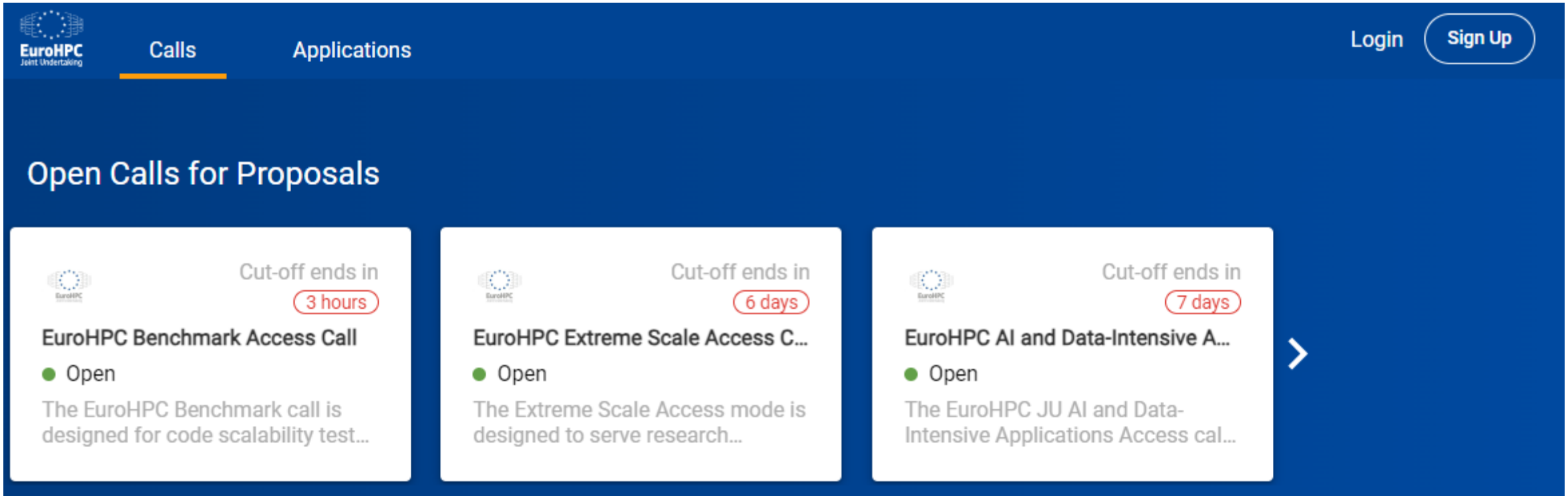
- 28 March
- 5 September

EXTREME SCALE ACCESS:

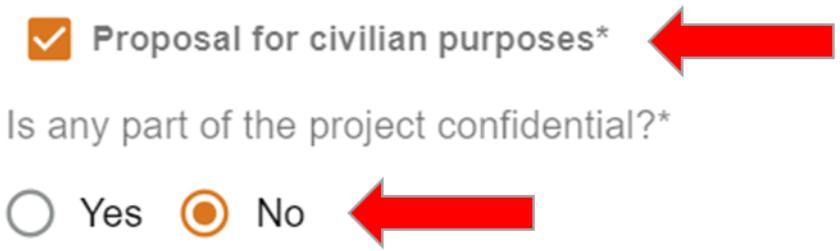
- 18 April
- 17 October

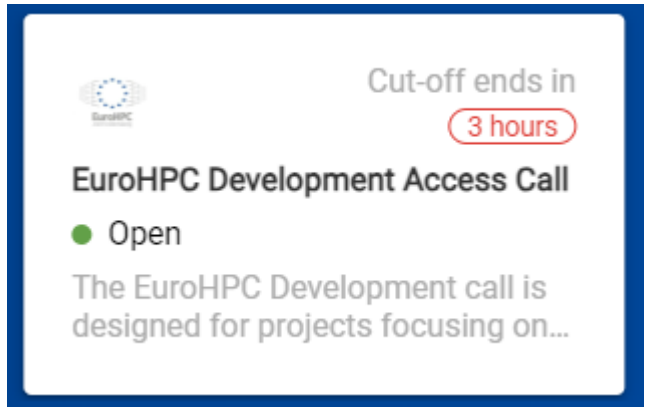


https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/access-our-supercomputers/access-policy-and-faq_en



https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/





Research fields

Research field title*

PE6 Computer Science and Informatics

Research field sub-title*

PE6_7 Artificial intelligence, intelligent systems, natural language processing

Research field share (%)*

50

The sum of all research fields should not exceed the total of 100%

https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/

Research fields #2

Research field title*

PE6 Computer Science and Informatics

Research field sub-title*

PE6_11 Machine learning, statistical data processing and applications using signal

Research field share (%)*

50

The sum of all research fields should not exceed the total of 100%

Remove + Research fields

AI set of technologies selection

Machine Learning | Natural Language Processing | Deep Learning

If applicable, please select used AI technologies. This is a multi-select field so you are able to choose more than one option.

https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/

Partitions

Partition name*

MeluXina CPU

Code(s) used*

XGBoost MPI Horovod Pytorch

This field is a multi-text field, for adding another code separate it with a comma

Requested amount of resources (node hours)*

4 000

Average number of processes/threads*

128

Average job memory (total usage over all nodes in GB)*

400

Maximum amount of memory per process/thread (MB)*

10 000

Total amount of data to transfer to/from (GB)*

100

https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/

Partitions #2

Partition name*

MeluXina GPU

Code(s) used*

Llama Falcon Mistral

This field is a multi-text field, for adding another code separate it with a comma

Requested amount of resources (node hours)*

800

Average number of processes/threads*

64

Average job memory (total usage over all nodes in GB)*

800

Maximum amount of memory per process/thread (MB)*

12 500

https://access.eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/access-our-supercomputers/access-policy-and-faq_en

- **How can I gain access to computation time on EuroHPC machines?**
  - You will need to **apply** to one of the open **access calls** that **EuroHPC** provides. The list of available calls can be found here.
- **Which organisations are eligible for access to EuroHPC machines?**
  - Any European organisation is eligible for access to perform Open Science research (the **results** of the work are made available for **open access**). This includes **public and private** academic and research institutions, public sector organisations, industrial enterprises and SMEs
- **What is the cost?**
  - Currently access is **free of charge**.
- **What are the participation conditions?**
  - Participation conditions depend on the specific access call that a research group has applied. In general users of EuroHPC systems commit to: **acknowledge** the use of the **resources** in their related publications, contribute to **dissemination** events, produce and submit a **report** after completion of a resource allocation. More information on participation conditions can be found in the call's Documents section.

Our Training Events https://eurocc-greece.gr/events-2/

MARCH 29 | 09:45 EET | ONLINE

APRIL 19, 2024 | 10:00 EET | ONLINE

APRIL 24, 2024 | 10:00 EET | ONLINE

MAY 29, 2024 | 10:00 EET | HYBRID

JULY 11-14, 2024 | 10:00 - 16:00 EET | ON-SITE

JUNE 14, 2024 | 09:30 EET | ONLINE

SEPTEMBER 2-3, 2024 | 09:00 - 17:00 EET | ATHENS, GREECE

OCTOBER 4, 2024 | 10:00 EET | ONLINE

NOVEMBER 1, 2024 | 10:00 EET | ONLINE

Our Training Events https://eurocc-greece.gr/events-2/

HPC Training Series - Course 19

"OpenMP for Shared-Memory Parallel Programming - Hands-On"

JANUARY 26, 2026 | 11:00 EET | ONLINE

11:00 → 11:10 **Introduction to EuroCC@Greece & the Training Series**
Speaker: Nikos Bakas (GRNET)

11:10 → 11:20 **Motivation for OpenMP: simplicity, portability & incremental parallelisation**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

11:20 → 11:35 **Shared-memory systems: UMA, NUMA and real HPC nodes (caches, sockets)**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

11:35 → 11:55 **Threaded programming model & fork–join; OpenMP "Hello, world" in C/C++ and Fortran**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

11:55 → 12:10 **Race conditions & parallel loops: from serial loop to omp parallel for/do**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

12:10 → 12:25 **Break**

12:25 → 12:45 **OpenMP basics: parallel regions & data sharing (shared, private, first/lastprivate, default)**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

12:45 → 13:05 **Worksharing & scheduling: for/do, sections, single, master, schedule(static/dynamic/guided)**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

13:05 → 13:25 **Synchronisation: barrier, critical, atomic, locks, ordered, master/masked; avoiding races**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

13:25 → 13:40 **Reductions, collapse for nested loops & small exercises**
Speaker: Iakovos Panourgias (GRNET)

13:40 → 13:50 **Performance tips & Q&A: scheduling, NUMA, false sharing, env vars, timing & debugging tools**

EuroCC@Greece

https://eurocc-greece.gr/newsletter/
https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurocc-greece
https://www.youtube.com/@euroccgreece9501
https://twitter.com/EuroCC_Greece

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