

EURO Greece

HPC Training Series



Course 13 "The Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) Model on HPC"

How to access the Greek HPC Infrastructure ARIS

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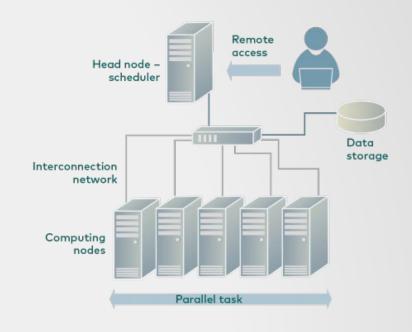
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What is HPC?



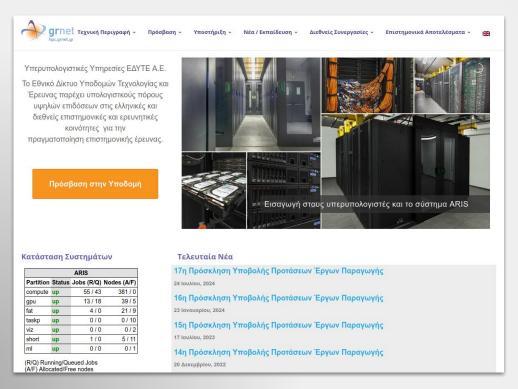
- High-Performance Computing (HPC) is the ability to perform sophisticated calculations at high speeds.
- An HPC cluster consists of hundreds or thousands of compute servers, so-called nodes. The nodes in each cluster work in parallel with each other.
- HPC solves large problems in science, engineering, or business, that are too complex for a PC. On typical PC it might take e.g. hours, days, weeks to perform the computations, but if you use an HPC Cluster, it might only take minutes, hours, days, respectively.





GRNET HPC - ARIS





https://www.hpc.grnet.gr







Who Can Access the System?

- Scientists and researchers affiliated with Greek academic and research institutions
- The system is free to use

How to Gain Access?

- Researchers submit project proposals to gain access
- Proposals can be submitted as:
 - Preparatory/Development projects, through an <u>ongoing</u> open call
 - Production projects during <u>periodic</u> calls







What is required?

- A clear description of the intended application
- Justification for the need for an HPC system
- Specific computational resource requirements (e.g., number of processors, memory size)
- Expected scientific benefits

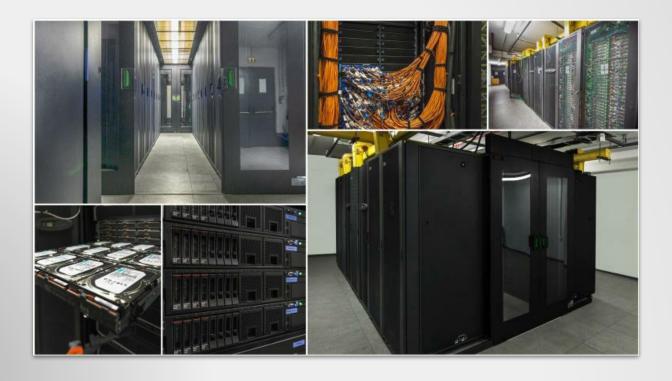
Which Applications are to be used?

- Scientific applications using parallel processing methodologies such as:
 - Distributed memory on multiple nodes (MPI)
 - Shared memory on single nodes (OpenMP)
 - CUDA (for GPU acceleration)
- Applications simulate physical phenomena requiring extensive mathematical computations
- Machine Learning (ML) and neural network training benefiting from GPU acceleration







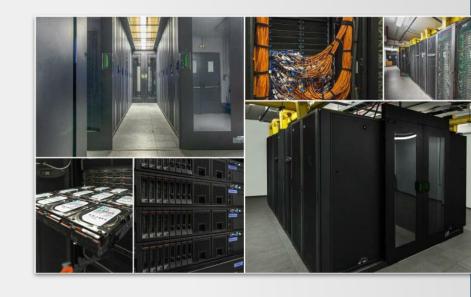




GRNET HPC - ARIS: Infrastructure

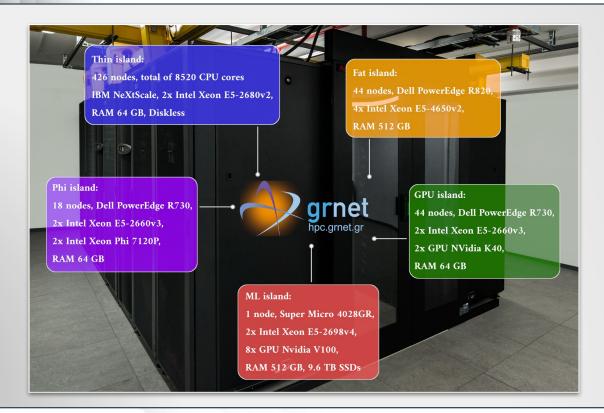


- 533 compute nodes organized in
 5 partitions/islands (node groups)
- Resource Manager: Slurm v. 16.05.11
- Operating System: Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 & 7
- File System: 2PB IBM GPFS
- Interconnection network: Infiniband 56 Gbps
- Processing capability: 535 TFlops
- No. 468 in the Top 500 list of June of 2015





GRNET HPC - ARIS: Infrastructure









- The call for <u>preparatory/development</u> projects is open continuously
- Evaluation results are provided within 10 business days of submission
- Selected projects start within 1 month after evaluation
- Provide access to ARIS for researchers in Greek institutions to:
 - Preparatory Type A: Perform <u>scalability tests</u>
 - Development Type B: Support code <u>migration and optimization</u>
- Duration: Up to 2 months for Type A, and 4 months for Type B







- The maximum number of core hours provided in detail:
 - a. 100,000 core hours on the Thin Node Island
 - b. 50,000 core hours on the GPU Island
 - c. 50,000 core hours on the Xeon Phi Island
 - d. 100,000 core hours on the Fat Node Island
- The total requested core hours must not exceed 100,000 core hours
- Users should fill the submission form
- View form in PDF: <u>preparatory.pdf</u>
- Report after 2 months and within 30 days after project completion







- The call for <u>production</u> projects is periodically (2 times per year)
- Allocate up to 5 million core hours per project (total max 41 million core hours)
- The application must be completed in English
- PI must be affiliated with a Greek academic/research institution
- International collaborators allowed, but cannot be PIs
- Commitment to utilizing allocated resources and acknowledging ARIS in publications
- GRNET reserves the right to publish project summaries and performance results
- Access to the System ends 12 months after the acceptance/allocation date
- Final report for approved projects: 2 months after access ends







- Selection Criteria
 - 1. **Scientific Excellence (K1)**: Impact, novelty, and adherence to international standards
 - 2. **Need for Use (K2)**: Justification for using ARIS HPC resources
 - 3. Adequacy (K3): Experience and expertise of PI and team
 - 4. Applicability (K4): Compatibility with ARIS system and resource availability
- Total: 41 million core hours allocated as follows:
 - Thin nodes: 30 million core hours
 - Fat nodes: 7 million core hours
 - GPU nodes: 3 million core hours
 - Intel Xeon Phi nodes: 1 million core hours
 - Machine learning: 30,000 GPU-card hours







- Evaluation Process
 - 1. Stage A: Eligibility & Completeness Check
 - 2. **Stage B: Technical Evaluation** (Feasibility K4)
 - 3. Stage C: Scientific Evaluation (K1, K2, K3) Peer review
 - 4. Stage D: Ranking & Resource Allocation Technical Committee decision
- Scores range from Low (1) to Excellent (4) for each Ki and overall proposal
- Proposals with "Low" overall quality score are rejected before final stage
- If resources are limited, the Committee may reduce allocations based on minimum evaluator recommendations to support more proposals
- Notifications sent via email with further instructions
- Users should fill the <u>form</u> (on active call period)
- View form in PDF: <u>production.pdf</u>
- Additional file to provide in proposal submission: <u>detailed project document.doc</u>
- <u>Report</u> submission required within 30 days after project completion



Useful Links



- The system's technical specifications are available in the <u>Technical Description</u>
- The access and usage policies are outlined in the <u>ARIS Access Policy</u>
- ARIS <u>Terms of Use</u> (Acceptable Usage Policy)
- User should accept the <u>Privacy Policy</u>
- For detailed information and announcements, register for the HPC Announcement List
- ARIS <u>Documentation</u>



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How to submit a job via Slurm on an HPC cluster

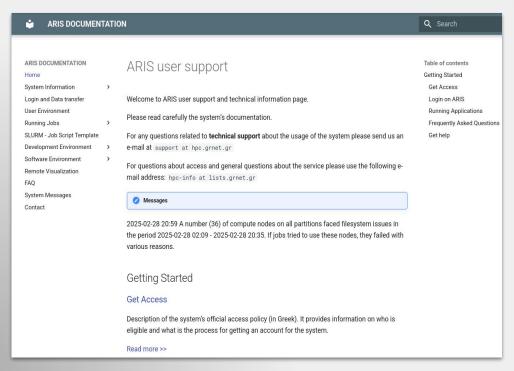
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GRNET HPC - ARIS





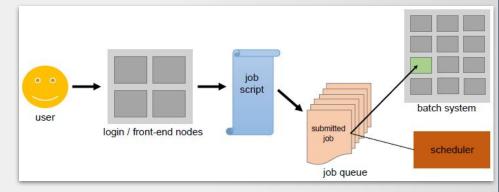
https://doc.aris.grnet.gr



Job Lifecycle

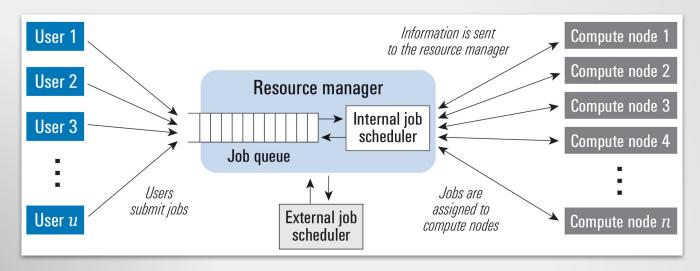


- User Access: User access HPC via ssh Job
- **Submission**: User submits a job using sbatch
- Pending (PD): Job waits in queue for resources to become available
- Scheduled: SLURM assigns resources based on priority and availability
- Running (R): Job executes on allocated resources
- Completion (CD): Job finishes successfully or fails
- Failure/Preemption (F)/(PR): Job may fail due to errors or get preempted by higher-priority jobs
- Job Cleanup: SLURM releases resources, logs results



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SLURM - Resource and Job Management System





software stack that runs on HPC infrastructure and operates resource management, job scheduling and accounting







- <u>sacct</u> is used to report job accounting information
- <u>sbatch</u> is used to submit a job script for later execution
- <u>scancel</u> is used to cancel a pending or running job
- <u>sinfo</u> reports the state of partitions and nodes managed by SLURM
- <u>squeue</u> reports the state of jobs
- <u>srun</u> usually is executed inside the job script to run apps after job submission

More info https://slurm.schedmd.com







Managing Environment with Modules

- Modules control environment variables such as PATH, LD_LIBRARY_PATH
- Use **module** command to load, unload, and list modules

Module Commands

- module avail: List all available modules
- module load <module>: Load a module
- module unload <module>: Unload a module
- module list: List loaded modules
- module switch: Switch between module versions
- module purge: Remove all modules
- Example of loading a module with a certain version:
 - > module load gnu/5.1.0
 - > gcc --version
 - gcc (GCC) 5.1.0



ARIS Compilers



- ► Available compilers : GNU, Intel, PGI, Sun(Oracle)
- ► Available MPI Flavors : IntelMPI, OpenMPI, MVapiCH.
- ▶ Best Compiler flags, more flags may be needed
- ► GNU: -O3 -mavx -march=ivybridge
- ► Intel: -O3 -xCORE-AVX-I
- ► PGI : -O4 -tp=sandybridge
- ► MPI:
 - ► IntelMPI (Intel): mpiicc, mpiicpc, mpiifort
 - ► OpenMPI(gnu/intel/pgi) : mpicc, mpicxx, mpif90



SSH Access



- Accessible from Internet via SSH at login nodes
- User must provide a username, SSH keys, and an IP range (at max /24) to be granted access
- Compute nodes are not directly accessible and they have no internet access
- File Transfer through secure protocols e.g. scp, sftp
- To connect, user need to have an SSH Client Software. For instance:
 - a. Mac OS, Linux: OpenSSH (usually pre-installed)
 - b. Windows: Putty, Bitvise, mobaXterm

Transfer files from/to ARIS

- Put a local directory from your computer to ARIS
 scp -i /path/to/rsa -r localdir username@login.aris.grnet.gr:remotedir
- Get a remote directory from ARIS to your computer scp -i /path/to/rsa -r username@login.aris.grnet.gr:remotedir localdir
- Clients: scp (Linux/Mac), or PSCP (Windows), or WinSCP (Windows)







Job name:	jobname			
Total number of tasks (across all nodes):	20 💲			
Total number of nodes:	1 🗘			
Tasks per node:	20 🗘			
Threads per task:	1 🗘			
Memory per node:	56			
Walltime: (Hours:Minutes:Seconds)	01 0 HH 00 0 MM 00 0 SS			
Partition:	compute			
Account:	pr0000			

See Template: https://doc.aris.grnet.gr/scripttemplate





Pure MPI job, using 80 procs on 4 nodes,



```
#!/bin/bash -I
```

```
#With 20 procs per node and 1 thread per MPI task

#SBATCH --job-name=mpijob # Job name
#SBATCH --output=mpijob.%j.out # Stdout (%j expands to jobld)
#SBATCH --error=mpijob.%j.err # Stderr (%j expands to jobld)
#SBATCH --ntasks=80 # Total number of tasks
#SBATCH --ndes=4 # Total number of nodes requested
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=20 # Tasks per node
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1 # Threads per task(=1) for pure MPI
#SBATCH --mem=56000 # Memory per job in MB
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00 # Run time (hh:mm:ss) - (max 48h)
#SBATCH --partition=compute # Submit queue
#SBATCH -A testproj # Accounting project
```

Load any necessary modules

module load gnu module load intel module load intelmpi

Launch the executable

srun EXE ARGS







```
#!/bin/bash -l
# Hybrid MPI/OpenMP job, using 80 procs on 4 nodes,
# with 2 procs per node and 10 threads per MPI task.
#SBATCH --job-name=hybridjob # Job name
#SBATCH --output=hybridjob.%j.out # Stdout (%j expands to jobId)
#SBATCH --error=hybridjob.%j.err # Stderr (%j expands to jobId)
#SBATCH --ntasks=8 # Total number of tasks
#SBATCH --nodes=4 # Total number of nodes requested
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=2 # Tasks per node
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=10 # Threads per task
#SBATCH --mem=56000 # Memory per job in MB
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00 # Run time (hh:mm:ss) - (max 48h)
#SBATCH --partition=compute # Submit queue
#SBATCH - A testproj # Accounting project
# Load any necessary modules
module load gnu
module load intel
module load intelmpi
export OMP_NUM_THREADS=$SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK
# Launch the executable
```



srun EXE ARGS





```
#!/bin/bash -l
```

GPU job , using 80 procs on 4 nodes ,
with 2 gpus per node, 1 procs per node and 20 threads per MPI task.

#SBATCH --job-name=gpujob # Job name
#SBATCH --output=gpujob.%j.out # Stdout (%j expands to jobId)
#SBATCH --error=gpujob.%j.err # Stderr (%j expands to jobId)
#SBATCH --ntasks-4 # Total number of tasks
#SBATCH --gres=gpu:2 # GPUs per node
#SBATCH --nodes-4 # Total number of nodes requested
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=1 # Tasks per node
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=20 # Threads per task
#SBATCH --mem=56000 # Memory per job in MB
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00 # Run time (hh:mm:ss) - (max 48h)
#SBATCH --partition=gpu # Run on the GPU nodes queue

Load any necessary modules

#SBATCH -A testproj # Accounting project

module load gnu module load intel module load intelmpi module load cuda

export OMP_NUM_THREADS=\$SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK

Launch the executable srun EXE ARGS







```
#!/bin/bash -l
# Multiple Serial job , 5 tasks , requesting 1 node, 2800 MB of memory per task
#SBATCH --job-name=multiple-seraljob # Job name
#SBATCH --output=multiple-serialjob.%j.out # Stdout (%j expands to jobId)
#SBATCH --error=multiple-serialjob.%j.err # Stderr (%j expands to jobId)
#SBATCH --nodes=1 # Total number of nodes requested
#SBATCH --ntasks=5 # Total number of tasks
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=5 # Tasks per node
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1 # Threads per task
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=2800 # Memory per task in MB
#SBATCH -t 01:30:00 # Run time (hh:mm:ss) - (max 48h)
#SBATCH --partition=taskp # Submit queue
#SBATCH -A testproj # Accounting project
# Load any necessary modules
module load gnu
module load intel
export OMP NUM THREADS=$SLURM CPUS PER TASK
# Launch the executable a.out
srun -n 1 -c 1 ./a.out input0 &
srun -n 1 -c 1 ./a.out input1 &
srun -n 1 -c 1 ./a.out input2 &
srun -n 1 -c 1 ./a.out input3 &
srun -n 1 -c 1 ./a.out input4
wait
```







\$ mybudget

Core Hours Allocation Information for account: testproj

Allocated Core Hours : 2400000.00

Consumed Core Hours : 15.00

Percentage of Consumed : 0.00

\$ myreport

Cluster/Account/User Utilization 2015-04-07T00:00:00 - 2015-10-07T23:59:59 (15897600 secs)

Time reported in CPU Hours

Cluster Account Login Proper Name Used Energy

------aris testproj username User Name 15 110





SLURM commands in action

- \$ sbatch script.sh
 Submitted batch job 12345
- \$ squeue -j 12345

```
JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON) 12345 batch my job user1 PD 0:00 20 (Resources)
```

\$ squeue -j 12345

JohlD JohName Partition

JOBID PARTITION NAME USER ST TIME NODES NODELIST(REASON) 12345 batch my job user1 R1:20 20 node[01-20]

\$ sacct -j 12345 --format=JobID,JobName,Partition,Account,AllocCPUS,State,ExitCode

30010 300114111	7,000 Joshame Farancon 7,000 and 7,0		State Ex	couc			
12345 my_job	compute	my_acc	4	COMPLE	TED	0:0	
12345.batch	batch comput	e my_aco	C	4	COMPLET	ΓED	0:0
12345.0	task1 comput	e my_acc	C	2	COMPLET	ΓED	0:0
12345.1	task2 comput	e my_acc	C	2	COMPLET	ΓED	0:0

Account AllocCPUS

State ExitCode

\$ scancel 12345





Thanks!





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