

https://eurocc-greece.gr/newsletter/
https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurocc-greece
https://www.youtube.com/@euroccgreece9501
https://x.com/EuroCC Greece













The overall objective of the Greek National Competence Center is to enable the efficient uptake of HPC technologies with the 3-fold goal to:

- advance competitiveness in research
- improve the effectiveness of government services and
- promote innovation in industry

The Greek Competence Center for High Performance Computing and Artificial Intelligence

Enhancing innovation capacity in Business, Industry and Science by utilizing advanced High Performance Computing services



Services

- Technological Support & Consulting
 - High-Performance Computing,
 - Artificial Intelligence, and
 - High-Performance Data Analytics
- Training and Skills Development
- Access to computational resources

https://eurocc-greece.gr/

Fields of Applications

- Artificial Intelligence
- Machine Learning
- Computer Vision
- Large Language Models
- Finite Elements Analyses
- Computational Fluid Dynamics
- Molecular Simulations
- Atmospheric & Oceanic Sciences



Consortium

The Greek National Competence Center "EuroCC@Greece", is run by a consortium of 5 institutions, namely

- 1. National Infrastructures for Research and Technology (coordinator) GRNET
- 2. National Center for Scientific Research **Demokritos**
- 3. Institute of Communication and Computer Systems NTUA
- 4. Aristotle University of Thessaloniki AUTH
- 5. Foundation for Research and Technology Hellas FORTH











The European High Performance Computing Joint Undertaking (EuroHPC JU)

is a joint initiative between the EU, European countries and private partners to develop a World Class Supercomputing Ecosystem.

https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/index_en













8 operational systems, all ranking among the world's most powerful supercomputers:

- LUMI in Finland #5
- 2. LEONARDO in Italy #6
- 3. MARENOSTRUM in Spain
- 4. VEGA in Slovenia
- MELUXINA in Luxembourg
- KAROLINA in Czechia
- 7. DEUCALION in Portugal
- 8. DISCOVERER in Bulgaria

Underway:

JUPITER in Germany DAEDALUS in Greece

- 1 Frontier HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE
- Aurora HPE Cray EX Intel Exascale Compute Blade, Xeon CPU Max 9470 52C 2.4GHz, Intel Data Center GPU Max, Slingshot-11, Intel
- 3 Eagle Microsoft NDv5, Xeon Platinum 8480C 48C 2GHz, NVIDIA H100, NVIDIA Infiniband NDR, Microsoft
- Supercomputer Fugaku -Supercomputer Fugaku, A64FX 48C 2.2GHz, Tofu interconnect D, Fujitsu
- 5 LUMI HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE
- Leonardo BullSequana XH2000, Xeon Platinum 8358 32C 2.6GHz, NVIDIA A100 SXM4 64 GB, Quad-rail NVIDIA HDR100 Infiniband, EVIDEN
- 7 Summit IBM Power
 System AC922, IBM
 POWER9 22C 3.07GHz,
 NVIDIA Volta GV100, Dualrail Mellanox EDR
 Infiniband, IBM









LUMI FINLAND

LEONARDO ITALY

MELUXINA LUXEMBOURG

KAROLINA CHECH REPUBLIC









DISCOVERER BULGARIA

VEGA SLOVENIA

DEUCALIO PORTUGAL

MARENOSTRUM 5 SPAIN

1. LUMI (CSC, Finland)

- LUMI-C: 1536 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256-1024 GB RAM/node
- GPU: 2560 nodes, 64 cores/node, 4 GPUs, 128 GB GPU-RAM
- Visualization: 64 nodes, 1 GPU, 48 GB GPU-RAM
- Peak Performance: 550 petaflops
- URL: https://www.lumi-supercomputer.eu/lumis-full-system-architecture-revealed/

2. Leonardo (Cineca, Italy)

- Booster Module: 3456 nodes, 32 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 64 GB GPU-RAM
- Data Centric Module: 1536 nodes, 112 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node
- Peak Performance: 323.4 petaflops
- URL: https://leonardo-supercomputer.cineca.eu/hpc-system/

3. MareNostrum 5 (Barcelona Supercomputing Center, Spain)

- General Purpose Partition: 6408 nodes, 112 cores/node, 256 GB RAM/node
- Accelerated Partition: 1120 nodes, 64 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 64 GB GPU-RAM
- Peak Performance: 314 petaflops
- URL: https://www.bsc.es/innovation-and-services/marenostrum/marenostrum-5

4. MeluXina (LuxProvide, Luxembourg)

- Cluster: 573 nodes, 128 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node
- Accelerator-GPU: 200 nodes, 64 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 40 GB GPU-RAM
- Large memory: 20 nodes, 128 cores/node, 4096 GB RAM/node
- Peak Performance: 18.29 petaflops
- URL: https://docs.lxp.lu/system/overview/

5. Karolina (IT4I, Czech Republic)

- CPU: 828 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256-24000 GB RAM/node
- GPU: 72 nodes, 8 GPUs, 40 GB GPU-RAM
- Peak Performance: 15.69 petaflops
- URL: https://www.it4i.cz/en/infrastructure/karolina

6. Vega (IZUM, Slovenia)

- GPU partition: 60 nodes, 128 cores/node, 512 GB RAM/node, 4 GPUs, 40 GB GPU-RAM
- CPU node Standard: 768 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256 GB RAM/node
- CPU node Large Memory: 192 nodes, 128 cores/node, 1000 GB RAM/node
- Peak Performance: 10.05 petaflops
- URL: https://doc.vega.izum.si/architecture/

7. Deucalion (Guimarães, Portugal)

- ARM cluster: 1632 nodes, 48 cores/node
- X86 cluster: 500 nodes, 48+ cores/node
- Accelerated partition: 33 nodes
- Peak Performance: 10 petaflops
- URL: https://macc.fccn.pt/resources#deucalion

8. Discoverer (Sofia Tech Park, Bulgaria)

- CPU: 1128 nodes, 128 cores/node, 256 GB RAM/node
- CPU-Fat: 18 nodes, 128 cores/node, 1000 GB RAM/node
- Peak Performance: 5.94 petaflops
- URL: https://docs.discoverer.bg/resource_overview.html

ARIS – HPC Infrastructure in Greece Compute Nodes

The ARIS infrastructure consists of a total of five computing system nodes based on Intel x86 architecture, interconnected into a single InfiniBand FDR14 network offering multiple options and processing architectures. More specifically, the infrastructure consists of:

- Thin Nodes: 426 IBM NeXtScale nodes, Intel Xeon E5-2680v2, 8,520 cores.
- **Fat Nodes:** 44 Dell PowerEdge R820, 4 Intel Xeon E5-4650v2, 512 GB memory per node.
- **GPU Nodes:** 44 Dell PowerEdge R730, 2 Intel Xeon E5-2660v3, 64 GB memory, 2 NVIDIA K40 GPUs per node.
- **Xeon Phi Nodes:** 18 Dell PowerEdge R730, 2 Intel Xeon E5-2660v3, 64 GB memory, 2 Xeon Phi 7120P co-processors per node.
- ML Node: 1 server, 2 Intel E5-2698v4, 512 GB memory, 8 NVIDIA V100 GPUs.







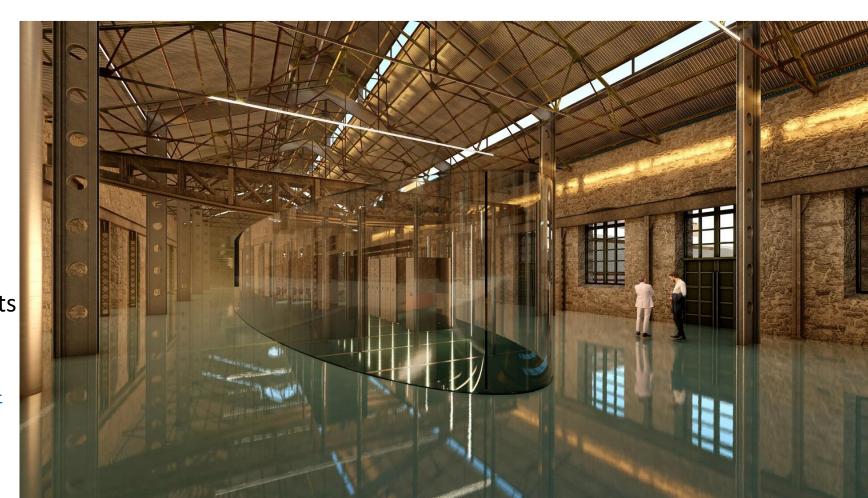
Publications Greek supercomputer ARIS

https://www.hpc.grnet.gr/en/publications/

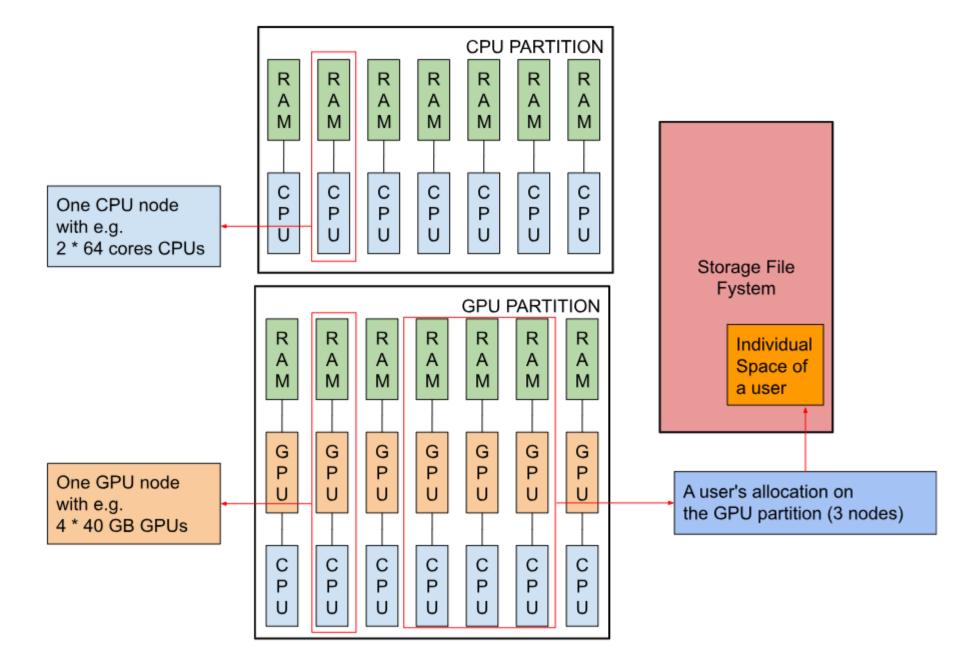
- In **fluid dynamics**, HPC powers deep learning models for super-resolution imaging and **turbulent flow reconstruction**, along with complex **multi-phase flow simulations**.
- Materials science benefits from HPC-driven machine learning and molecular dynamics, refining interatomic potentials for pharmaceuticals, and investigating polymer mechanics.
- Computational chemistry leverages quantum mechanical calculations for thermoelectric materials, electronic structures, and drug binding studies.
- Astrophysics research utilizes HPC for modeling neutron star thermoelectric effects and pulsar equations.
- Atmospheric and oceanic sciences apply HPC to turbulence modeling in air pollution studies, weather forecasting, and sea surface simulations.
- Additionally, HPC enhances radiation modeling for space applications and Monte Carlo-based dosimetry calculations, underscoring its vital role in advancing interdisciplinary research.

The way is open to building a EuroHPC world-class supercomputer in Greece

- A hosting agreement has been signed between the EuroHPC Joint Undertaking and the National Infrastructures for Research and Technology (GRNET) in Greece, where DAEDALUS, a new EuroHPC supercomputer, will be located.
- **60 petaflops** or 60 million billion calculations per second https://grnet.gr/en/business-directory/grant-for-the-development-of-a-new-national-hpc-system-daedalus/
- Lavrion Technological and Cultural Park (TCPL) https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/way-open-building-eurohpc-world-class-supercomputer-greece-2022-11-28 en
- June 11, 2024: GRNET S.A. conducts a Public Consultation on the Open Tender Announcement Issue https://grnet.gr/2024/06/11/public-consultation-lavrio-daedalus/



Example of an HPC cluster

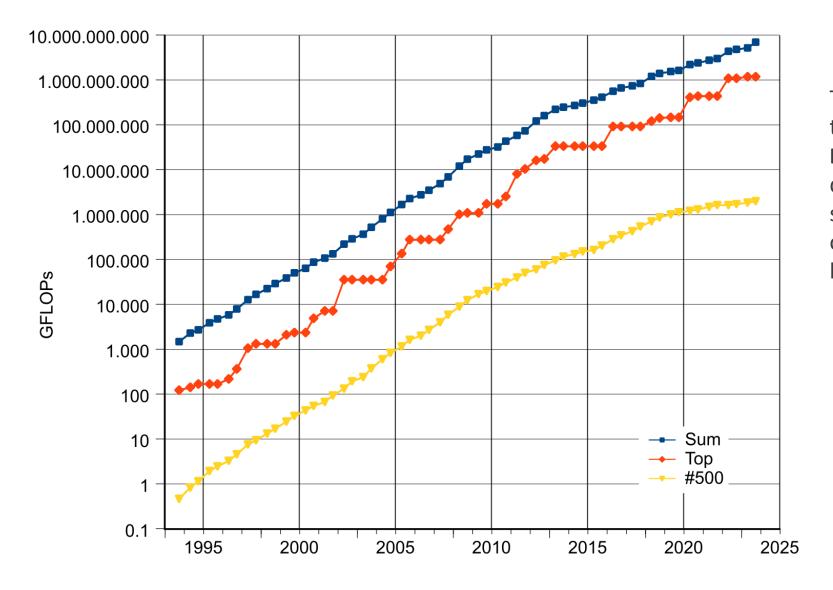


Threads on 1 node of MeluXina supercomputer

https://docs.lxp.lu/system/overview/

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PID USER
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```

Growth of HPC systems



The new **El Capitan** system at the **Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory** in California, U.S.A., has debuted as the most powerful system on the list with an HPL score of 1.742 EFlop/s. https://top500.org/

https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/

https://en.Wikipedia.org/wiki/TOP500#/media/File: Supercomputers-history.svg

X 200,000













0.05 km/h

1 km/h

100 km/h

1,000 km/h

10,000 km/h

1,000,000,000 km/h



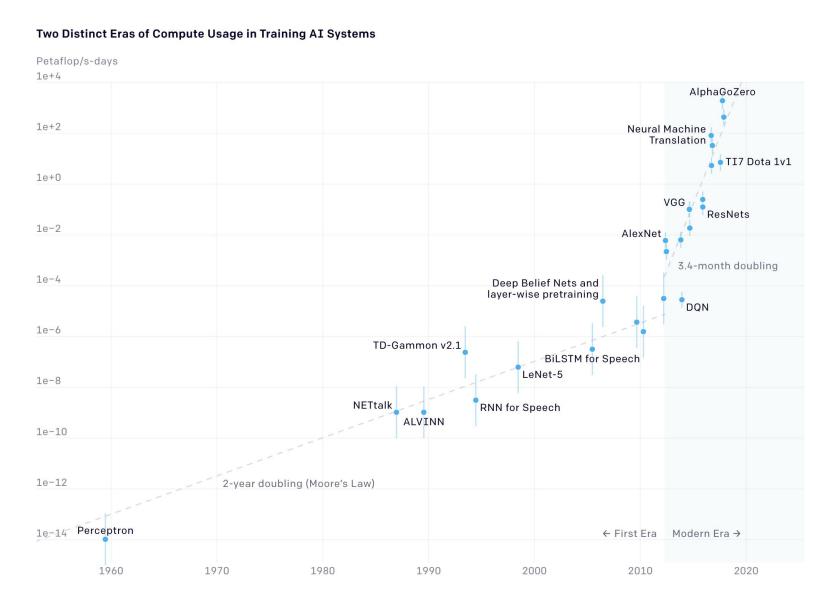
X 1,000,000



1 EFlop

1 TFlop

Since 2102 we observe a 3.4-month doubling in computing power used to train AI models.

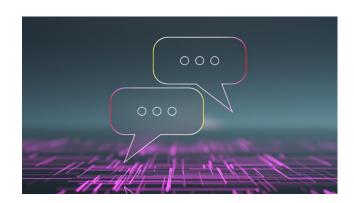


Large Language Models on HPC

Estimated GPU Hours for Training:

- 1.Small LLM (~8B):
 - •~1.3M GPU hours (LLAMA 3 8B).
- 2.Medium LLM (~70B):
 - •~6.4M-7.0M GPU hours (LLAMA 3/3.1 70B).
- 3.Large LLM (~405B):
 - •~30.84M GPU hours (LLAMA 3.1 405B).
 - Falcon 180B (slightly smaller): ~7M GPU hours.

https://huggingface.co/meta-llama/Meta-Llama-3-8B-Instruct https://huggingface.co/meta-llama/Llama-3.3-70B-Instruct https://huggingface.co/meta-llama/Llama-3.1-405B-Instruct https://docs.lxp.lu/howto/llama3-vllm/https://huggingface.co/blog/falcon-180b



Estimated GPU Requirements for Inference:

- •Small LLM (~8B): ~80GB GPU RAM (LLAMA 3.1 8B).
- •Medium LLM (~70B): ~320GB GPU RAM (GPTQ/int4 on Falcon).

Large LLM (~405B): ~800GB GPU RAM (FP8 on LLAMA 3.1).

EuroHPC Access Modes

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Extreme Scale Access Mode

For applications with high-impact, high-gain innovative research

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Regular Access Mode

The expected impact in the application's domain should justify the need for large allocations

<u>EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Al and Data-Intensive Applications Access Mode</u>

To support ethical artificial intelligence & machine learning

<u>EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Development Access Modes</u>

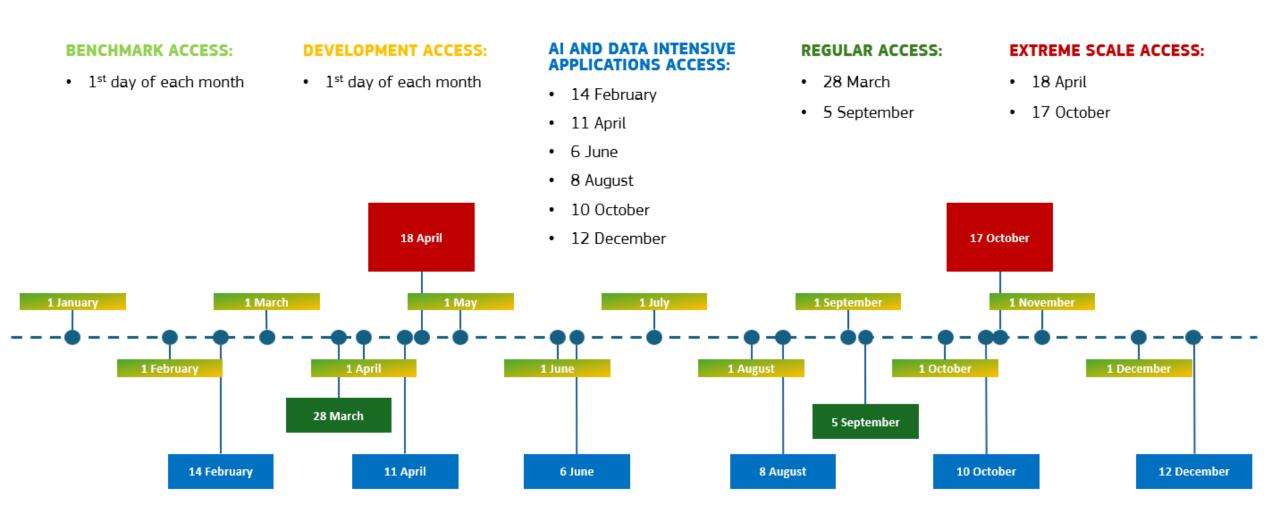
To develop, test and optimise applications

EuroHPC JU Call for Proposals – Benchmark Access Modes

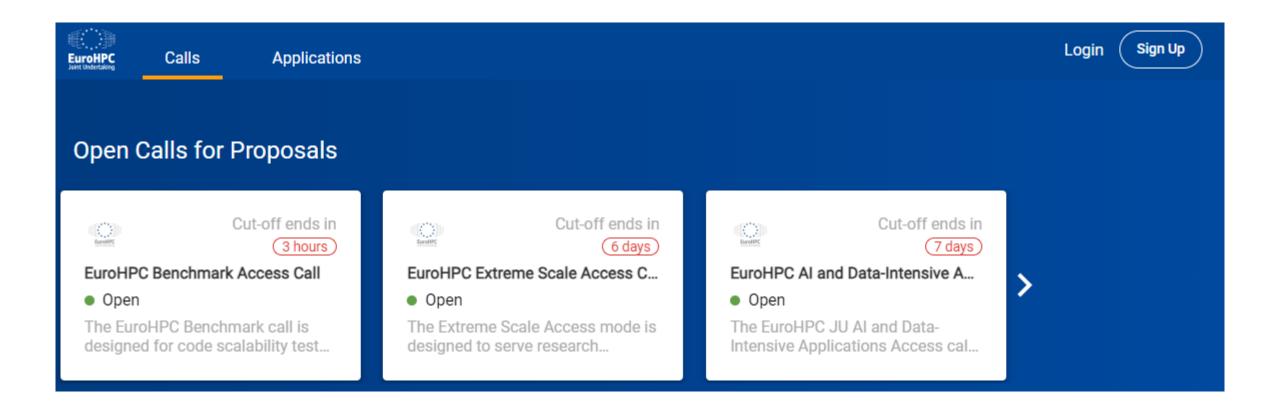
To test or benchmark applications

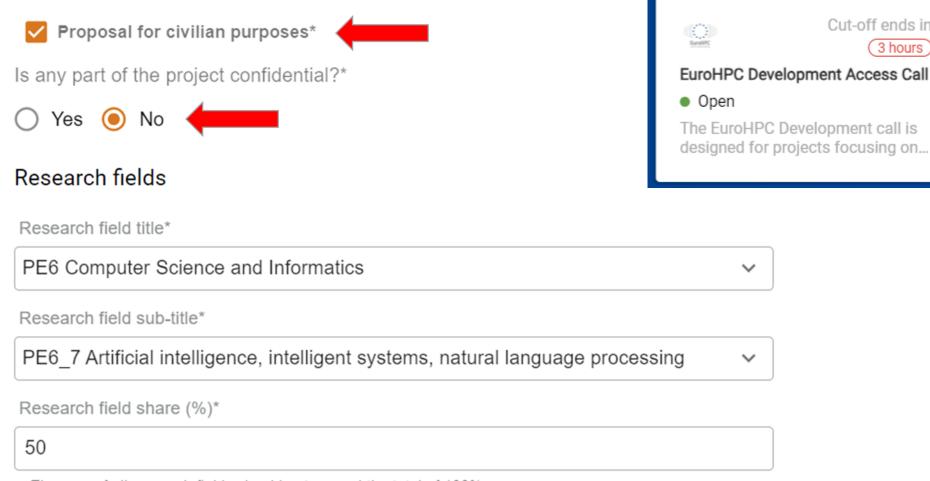
https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/access-our-supercomputers/access-policy-and-faq en

2025 Cut off dates for EuroHPC Access Calls



https://eurohpc-ju.europa.eu/access-our-supercomputers/access-policy-and-faq_en





Cut-off ends in

3 hours

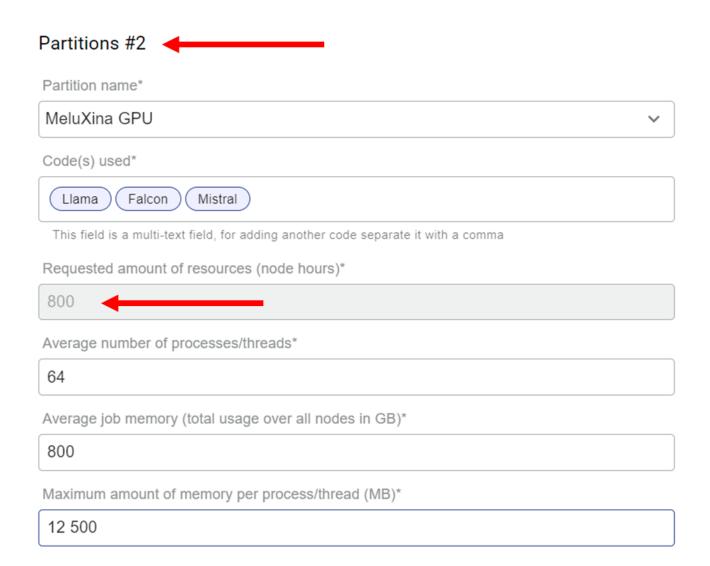
The sum of all research fields should not exceed the total of 100%

Research fields #2

Research field title* PE6 Computer Science and Informatics V Research field sub-title* PE6_11 Machine learning, statistical data processing and applications using signal x. Research field share (%)* 50 The sum of all research fields should not exceed the total of 100% + Research fields Remove Al set of technologies selection Natural Language Processing Machine Learning Deep Learning V

If applicable, please select used AI technologies. This is a multi-select field so you are able to choose more than one option.

Partitions Partition name* MeluXina CPU ~ Code(s) used* XGBoost MPI Horovod Pytorch This field is a multi-text field, for adding another code separate it with a comma Requested amount of resources (node hours)* 4 000 Average number of processes/threads* 128 Average job memory (total usage over all nodes in GB)* 400 Maximum amount of memory per process/thread (MB)* 10 000 Total amount of data to transfer to/from (GB)* 100



Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

- How can I gain access to computation time on EuroHPC machines?
 - You will need to **apply** to one of the open **access calls** that **EuroHPC** provides. The list of available calls can be found here.
- Which organisations are eligible for access to EuroHPC machines?
 - Any European organisation is eligible for access to perform Open Science research (the results of the work are made available for open access). This includes public and private academic and research institutions, public sector organisations, industrial enterprises and SMEs
- What is the cost?
 - Currently access is free of charge.
- What are the participation conditions?
 - Participation conditions depend on the specific access call that a research group has applied. In general users of EuroHPC systems commit to: acknowledge the use of the resources in their related publications, contribute to dissemination events, produce and submit a report after completion of a resource allocation. More information on participation conditions can be found in the call's Documents section.

Our Training Events https://eurocc-greece.gr/events-2/



MARCH 29 | 09:45 EET | ONLINE



MAY 29, 2024 | 10:00 EET | HYBRID



EURO
Greece

HPC Training Series

Course 2

Introduction to accelerators:
GPUS / CUDA

PRESENTATION LANGUAGE: GREEK |

APRIL 19, 2024 | 10:00 EET | ONLINE











NOVEMBER 1, 2024 | 10:00 EET | ONLINE

Our Training Events https://eurocc-greece.gr/events-2/











HPC Training Series

Course 12

Introduction to Accelerators: GPUs / CUDA



10:00 → 10:10 Introduction to EuroCC & the training events

Speaker: Dr Nikolaos Bakas (GRNET)

10:10 → 10:20 How to access the EuroHPC-JU supercomputers

Speaker: Dr Nikolaos Bakas (GRNET)

10:20 → 10:30 How to access the Greek HPC Infrastructure ARIS

Speaker: Mr Nikolaos Triantafyllis (GRNET)

10:30 → 12:30 Introduction to modern graphics processing units (GPU) architecture and programming in CUDA

Speaker: Dr Xenophon Trompoukis (NTUA)

12:30 → 13:15 Performance optimizations in CUDA

Speaker: Prof. Ioannis Venetis (UniPi)

13:15 → 14:00 Usage of high-performance libraries for GPUs

Speaker: Prof. Ioannis Venetis (UniPi)

14:00 \rightarrow 14:30 SCALE: a Cross-Vendor extension of the CUDA Programming Model for GPUs

Speaker: Dr Manos Pavlidakis (Scale)

14:30 → 14:40 **Q&A**

Speaker: Dr Nikolaos Bakas (GRNET)



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